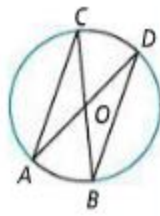


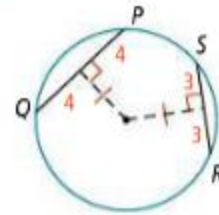
In  $\odot O$ ,  $m\widehat{CD} = 50$  and  $\overline{CA} \cong \overline{BD}$ .

1. What is  $m\widehat{AB}$ ? How do you know?
2. What is true of  $\widehat{CA}$  and  $\widehat{BD}$ ? Why?
3. Since  $CA = BD$ , what do you know about the distance of  $\widehat{CA}$  and  $\widehat{BD}$  from the center of  $\odot O$ ?



4. **Vocabulary** Is a radius a chord? Is a diameter a chord? Explain your answers.

5. **Error Analysis** What is the error in the diagram?

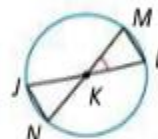
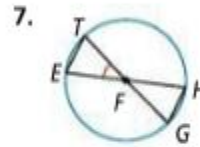
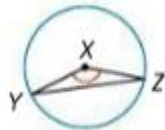
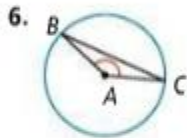


**Practice and Problem-Solving Exercises** **MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES**

**A Practice**

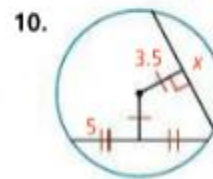
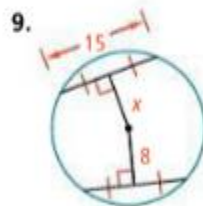
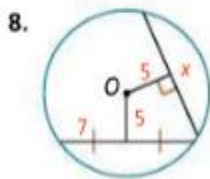
In Exercises 6 and 7, the circles are congruent. What can you conclude?

See Probl



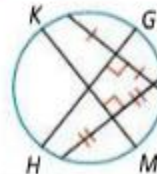
Find the value of  $x$ .

See Probl



11. In the diagram at the right,  $\overline{GH}$  and  $\overline{KM}$  are perpendicular bisectors of the chords they intersect. What can you conclude about the center of the circle? Justify your answer.

See Problems 3 a



12. In  $\odot O$ ,  $\overline{AB}$  is a diameter of the circle and  $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CD}$ . What conclusions can you make?

