

Name: Keyz

### Unit 1 Day 8 Notes

### Solving Equations and Combining like Terms



#### Part 1: Combining like terms on the same side of the equation.

(1-6) Solve the equation completely:

1.  $3x + 2x = 10$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$
$$\boxed{x=2}$$

3.  $20 - 5m - 4m = 11$

$$20 - 9m = 11$$
$$-9m = -9$$
$$\boxed{m=1}$$

5.  $2x + 2(3x + 4) = -24$

$$2x + 6x + 8 = -24$$
$$8x + 8 = -24$$
$$8x = -32$$
$$\boxed{x=-4}$$

2.  $6c - 5 + c = 9$

$$7c - 5 = 9$$
$$7c = 14$$
$$\boxed{c=2}$$

4.  $26 = -2y + 10 + 4y$

$$16 = 2y$$
$$\boxed{y=8}$$

6.  $12 = 5(w - 6) + w$

$$12 = 5w - 30 + w$$
$$42 = 6w$$
$$\boxed{w=7}$$

#### Part 2: Solving Equations when variables are on BOTH sides of the equation.

(7-14) Solve the equation completely:

7.  $12m = 6m + 18$

$$\frac{-6m - 6m}{-6m - 6m}$$
$$6m = 18$$
$$\boxed{m=3}$$

8.  $32 - 20h = -28h$

$$32 = -8h$$
$$\boxed{h=-4}$$

9.  $7x + 10 = 2x + 25$

$$\frac{-10 \quad -10}{-10 \quad -10}$$
$$7x = 2x + 15$$
$$\frac{-2x \quad -2x}{-2x \quad -2x}$$
$$5x = 15$$
$$\boxed{x=3}$$

10.  $8a - 9 = 2 - 3a$

$$\frac{+9 \quad +9}{+9 \quad +9}$$
$$8a = 11 - 3a$$
$$\frac{+3a \quad +3a}{+3a \quad +3a}$$
$$11a = 11$$
$$\boxed{a=1}$$

11.  $-3 - 10k = 10k + 7$

$$\frac{+3 \quad +3}{+3 \quad +3}$$
$$-10k = 10k + 10$$
$$\frac{-10k \quad -10k}{-10k \quad -10k}$$
$$-20k = 10$$
$$\frac{-20k \quad -20}{-20 \quad -20} \rightarrow \boxed{k=-1/2}$$

12.  $2x + 10 = -2(x + 5)$

$$\frac{-10 \quad -10}{-10 \quad -10}$$
$$2x + 0 = -2x - 10$$
$$\frac{-2x \quad -2x}{-2x \quad -2x}$$
$$4x = -20$$
$$\boxed{x=-5}$$

13.  $3(4z - 8) = -21 + 13z$

$$12z - 24 = -21 + 13z$$
$$\frac{+21 \quad +21}{+21 \quad +21}$$
$$12z - 3 = 13z$$
$$\frac{-12z \quad -12z}{-12z \quad -12z}$$
$$-3 = z$$
$$\boxed{z=-3}$$

14.  $-6p = 4(1 - p)$

$$\frac{-4p \quad -4p}{-4p \quad -4p}$$
$$-6p = 4 - 4p$$
$$\frac{+4p \quad +4p}{+4p \quad +4p}$$
$$-2p = 4$$
$$\frac{-2p \quad -2}{-2 \quad -2}$$
$$\boxed{p=-2}$$